

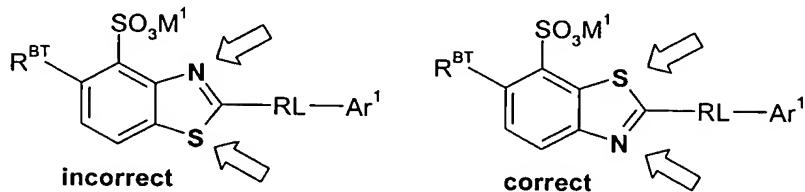
Appendix

Re: correction of International Patent Application No PCT/GB02/01318
Applicant: The University Court of the University of Aberdeen

Summary

There are errors involving the annular nitrogen (N) and sulfur (S) atoms of the thiazole groups in the chemical structures shown in the application as originally filed/published.

Briefly, as described below, in each and every instance, the annular N and S atoms of the thiazole group were incorrectly "swapped" in the drawn structures, for example:



In each case:

It is clear that there is an error: reference to named published structures shows there is an error in the drawn structures.

It is clear what that error is: the drawn structure has the N/S atoms and the associated double bond "swapped".

It is clear what the correction must be: the annular N/S atoms must be exchanged, and the associated double bond moved.

Comment on published sulphonate benzothiazole structures

Figures 5 and 14 of the application as filed/published show the chemical structures of various well known compounds which are identified by name in the corresponding "Brief description of the Figures" (pages 46-47). Reference to named published structures shows there is an error in the drawn structures, and shows what the correction must be. Thus:

Compound 1a in Figure 5 (and the first compound in Figure 14) is named as "primulin". However, the shown structure is clearly incorrect. The correct structure for this compound is known (see, e.g., Aldrich Handbook of Fine Chemicals and Laboratory Equipment, 2003-2004, page 1584, product number 20,686-5, CI 49000, Direct Yellow 5). The N/S atoms and the associated double bond have been "swapped".

Compound 1b in Figure 5 is named as "thioflavin T". However, the shown structure is clearly incorrect. The correct structure for this compound is known (see, e.g., Aldrich Handbook of Fine Chemicals and Laboratory Equipment, 2003-2004, page 1772, product number 22,885-0, CI 49005, Basic Yellow 1). Again, the N/S atoms and the associated double bond have been "swapped".

Compound 3a in Figure 5 is named as "thiazin red". However, the shown structure is clearly incorrect. The correct structure for this compound is known (see, e.g. ChemFinder.com, which shows structure and lists suppliers). Again, the N/S atoms and the associated double bond have been "swapped".

Compound 3b in Figure 5 (and the third compound in Figure 14) is named as "thiazin yellow". However, the shown structure is clearly incorrect. The correct structure for

this compound is known (see, e.g., Aldrich Handbook of Fine Chemicals and Laboratory Equipment, 2003-2004, page 1768, product number 20,204-5, CI 19540, Direct Yellow 9, Thiazol Yellow G). Again, the N/S atoms and the associated double bond have been "swapped".

Copies of these publicly available documents are ~~enclosed~~.

attached hereto

Comment on other sulphonate benzothiazole structures

As shown above, **in each and every case** where a published thiazole compound is named and a structure provided, the corresponding drawn structure has been subject to an N/S exchange error. What's more it is clear that the error in these known structures has been copied into **each and every structure** for thiazole compounds (including all generic and analogue structures) in the application as filed/published.

For example the error is present in the generic thiazole compounds shown on pages 15-28 and 34 to 38, which are termed "SB ligands" (see page 28, lines 14-17). Note that the SB ligand generic structure is stated as **encompassing** a published structure (Compound 1a in Figure 5, which is primulin) - see page 32, line 22. Thus it is clear the same error has occurred, and the same solution must apply to the SB ligand structures.

Likewise the generic thiazole "blocking" compounds on pages 32-34 are said to **encompass** a published structure (thioflavin T) - page 32, line 20. Thus it is clear the same error has occurred, and the same solution must apply to the blocking compound structures.

Consequently, the correction (in each and every thiazole group, the annular N/S atoms must be exchanged, and the associated double bond moved) applies to the **entire application**.

Corrections of Chemical Structures in the Description, Claims, and Drawings

Accordingly, the N /S (or W) atom position have been corrected at the following places:

- Page 15, line 15
- Page 15, line 28
- Page 16, line 11
- Page 16, line 15
- Page 16, line 19
- Page 16, line 3
- Page 16, line 7
- Page 17, line 3
- Page 18, line 3
- Page 19, line 1
- Page 20, line 15
- Page 20, line 6
- Page 20, line 9
- Page 21, line 13
- Page 21, line 16
- Page 22, line 7
- Page 23, line 15
- Page 25, line 15
- Page 25, line 17
- Page 27, line 7
- Page 28, line 2

- Page 28, line 4
- Page 32 (see below)
- Page 34, line 8
- Page 35, line 2
- Page 35, line 5
- Page 35, line 7
- Page 35, line 9
- Page 36, line 11
- Page 36, line 2
- Page 36, line 4
- Page 36, line 7
- Page 36, line 9
- Page 37, line 1
- Page 37, line 11
- Page 37, line 3
- Page 37, line 7
- Page 37, line 9
- Page 38, line 2
- Page 38, line 4
- Page 45 (see below)
- claim 12
- claim 14
- claim 23
- claim 24
- claim 25
- claim 30
- claim 30
- claim 34
- claim 38
- claim 55
- claim 56
- claim 59
- claim 62
- claim 63
- claim 102
- claim 103
- claim 108
- claim 117
- claim 118
- claims 136-149
- Figure 4 (compounds 4a, 4b, 4c)
- Figure 5 (compound 1a)
- Figure 5 (compound 1b)
- Figure 5 (compound 3b)
- Figure 5 (compounds 2, 3a)

Other changes

Unrelated to the above, the chemical name given on page 46, line 27 has been amended to replace "1" with "7" - no benzothiazole can be a 1-sulfonate since the sulfur atom is always indexed as "1". The correct name is: "2-(4-amino phenyl)-6-methyl-7-sulfonate benzothiazole (compound 2)." .

For consistency the following structure has been flipped vertically (note there is no change in substance) only in presentation. Also the opportunity has been taken to add the required "+" to the tetravalent annular N:

- Page 32, line 5
- claim 82

In the following structures, the opportunity has been taken to add the required "+" to the tetravalent annular N:

- claim 102
- Figure 5 (compound 1b)

~~Encs:~~

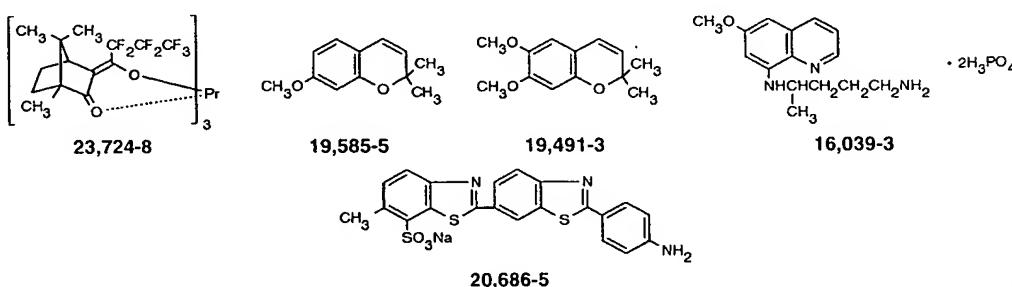
~~Replacement pages of description, claims and Figures as described
Publicly available documents showing primulin, thiaflavin Red, thiazin Red, thiazine Yellow.~~

* * *

~~Version1 - 10 September 2003~~

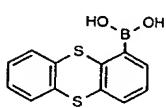
■ Praseodymi ■

42,570-2	Praseodymium(III) trifluoromethanesulfonate , 98% [52093-27-3]..... [praseodymium(III) triflate] ($\text{CF}_3\text{SO}_3)_3\text{Pr}$ FW 588.11 HYGROSCOPIC R: 36/37/38 S: 26-36 A water-tolerant Lewis acid used in the Aldol reaction of silyl enol ethers with aldehydes. <i>J. Org. Chem.</i> 1994, 59, 3590.	5g 25g	17.60 60.30	22,296-8	★ Procainamid ethyl)benza mp 167-169° FT-IR 1(2),37: R: 20/21/22-3
23,724-8	Praseodymiumtris(6,6,7,7,8,8-heptafluoro-2,2-dimethyl-3,5-octanedionate) , see 16,135-7, Resolve-AI™ PrFOD page 1626	100mg 1g	12.80 40.60	22,297-6	★ Procaine hy 4-aminobenzo mp 155-156° Safety 2,2943 S: 45-36/37/3
17,770-9	★ Praseodymium tris[3-(trifluoromethylhydroxymethylene)-(+)-camphorate] , 98% [38053-99-5] [$\text{Pr}(\text{tfc})_3$] FW 882.62 mp 210-212° [α] ²⁵ +175° (c=1, CHCl_3) FT-IR 1(1),557B Safety 2,3536A R&S 1(2),3097C HYGROSCOPIC S: 22-24/25 Licensed for use under Sievers' U.S. Patent 3 700 410	1g 5g	25.50 111.40	40,436-5	★ Procion Blu λ_{max} 538nm Dye content -
19,585-5	★ Precocene I , 99% [17598-02-6] (7-methoxy-2,2-dimethyl-3-chromene) FW 190.24 bp 68°/0.1mm n _D ²⁰ 1.5600 d 1.052 Fp >230°F(110°C) Merck Index 13,7716 FT-NMR 1(2),226C FT-IR 1(1),1062D R&S 1(1),1255E RTECS# DJ2529000	1g 5g	29.00 115.80	37,255-2	★ Procion Yell R&S 1(2),275 Proflavine h page 564
19,491-3	★ Precocene II , 99% [644-06-4] (6,7-dimethoxy-2,2-dimethyl-3-chromene) FW 220.27 mp 46-47° Fp >230°F(110°C) Merck Index 13,7716 FT-NMR 1(2),227A FT-IR 1(1),1063A R&S 1(1),1255F RTECS# DJ2527000	250mg 1g	23.10 54.30	85,045-4	★ Progesteron Merck Index R&S 1(2),285 Proglyde™ L ether page
28,698-2	★ Prednisolone , 98% [50-24-8] (11 β ,17 α ,21-trihydroxypregna-1,4-diene-3,20-dione) FW 360.45 mp 240°(dec.) [α] ²⁵ +97° (c=1, dioxane) <i>Beil.</i> 8(4),3467 Merck Index 13,7807 FT-NMR 1(3),585B Safety 2,2914C R&S 1(2),2863J RTECS# TU4152000 R: 40-48 S: 22-24/25	1g 5g	18.00 64.30	28,705-9	★ L-Prolinamid <i>Beil.</i> 22(4),15
28,699-0	★ Prednisone , 98% [53-03-2] (17 α ,21-dihydroxypregna-1,4-diene-3,11,20-trione). FW 358.44 mp 236-238° [α] ²⁵ +169° (c=0.5, dioxane) <i>Beil.</i> 8(4),3531 Merck Index 13,7810 FT-NMR 1(3),587B Safety 2,2915C R&S 1(2),2865E RTECS# TU4154100 R: 63 S: 45-53-36/37/39	1g 5g	21.00 72.10	85,891-9	★ D-Proline , 9 ^o [α] ²² +85.0° (c=1, DMSO) FT-IR 1(1),58 98% ee/GLC
14,766-4	★ Pregnenolone , 98% [145-13-1] FW 316.49 mp 190-192° [α] ²³ +27° (c=1, $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$) .. Merck Index 13,7822 FT-NMR 1(3),577B FT-IR 1(2),1051D Safety 2,2940C R&S 1(2),2859M RTECS# TU5560700 S: 22-24/25	5g 25g	14.60 46.90	13,154-7	★ L-Proline , 9 ^o [α] ²⁰ -84° (c=1, $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$) Index 13,787 RTECS# TW Catalyst for e amino acids. Asymmetry 1 <i>Chem.</i> 1994, 98% ee/GLC
P4,990-2	★ Pregnenolone acetate , 99% [1778-02-5] FW 358.52 mp 149-152° [α] ²⁵ +19° (c=1, $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$) Merck Index 13,7739 FT-NMR 1(3),601A FT-IR 1(2),1061C Safety 2,2940D R&S 1(2),2871N S: 22-24/25	5g 25g	14.30 53.90	17,182-4	★ DL-Proline , 9 ^o Merck Index R&S 1(1),663
16,039-3	★ Primaquine diphosphate , 98% [63-45-6][8-(4-amino-1-methylbutylamino)-6-methoxyquinolinodiphosphate] FW 455.35 mp 205-206°(dec.) Merck Index 13,7833 FT-NMR 1(3),438C FT-IR 1(2),864B Safety 2,2942C R&S 1(2),2621K RTECS# VA9660000 RID/ADR 6.1/25c R: 25 S: 45-36/37/39	1g 10g	15.50 91.30	36,446-0	★ L-Proline be [α] ²⁵ -48° (c=1, $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$) HYGROSCC Extensive ap asymmetric L
20,686-5	★ Primuline [8064-60-6] (C.I. 49000, Direct Yellow 59) FW 475.55 λ _{max} 229(345)nm FT-IR 1(2),1039B R&S 1(2),2837D UV-Vis 588 RTECS# TV1050000 Dye content ~50%	5g 25g	23.00 76.50	28,706-7	★ L-Proline me [α] ²⁵ -31° (c=1, $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$) R&S 1(1),777
	Prismane, see T2,280-2, 2,6,10,14-Tetramethylpentadecane page 1755				Prolinol , see

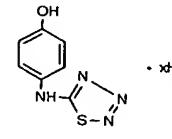


■ Thianthren ■

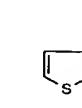
51,221-4	Thianthrene-1-boronic acid [108847-76-3] FW 260.14 mp 146-149° <i>Beil.</i> 19(4),4411 Contains varying amounts of anhydride.	5g	£ 65.30
	Thiapendione, see 27,845-9, 1,3,4,6-Tetrathiapentalene-2,5-dione page 1763		
	L-Thiaproline, see T2,750-2, (<i>R</i>)-(-)-Thiazolidine-4-carboxylic acid page 1768		
18,863-8	4-(1,2,3,4-Thiatriazol-5-ylamino)phenol hydrate, 95% [256348-45-5] FW 194.22 mp 153°(dec.) <i>FT-IR</i> 1(2),652B <i>R&S</i> 1(2),2395A R: 36/37/38 S: 26-37/39	1g	30.50
15,164-5	Thiazole, 99% [288-47-1] FW 85.13 bp 117-118° <i>n</i> _D ²⁰ 1.5390 d 1.200 Fp 72°F(22°C)... <i>Beil.</i> 27,15 <i>Merck Index</i> 13,9378 <i>FT-NMR</i> 1(3),108B <i>FT-IR</i> 1(2),642D <i>Safety</i> 2,3320C <i>R&S</i> 1(2),2385D <i>RTECS</i> XJ1290000 RID/ADR 3/3b R: 10-22 S: 23-24/25 Naturally occurring compound in sesame seed oil ¹ and chicken. ² (1) <i>Koryo</i> 1990, 165, 91; <i>Chem. Abstr.</i> 1990, 113, 210350s. (2) <i>Lebensm.-Wiss. Technol.</i> 1986, 19, 122; <i>Chem. Abstr.</i> 1986, 105, 189645q.	5g	100.70
42,246-0	2-Thiazolecarboxaldehyde, 97% [10200-59-6] FW 113.14 bp 61-63°/15mm <i>n</i> _D ²⁰ 1.5740 d 1.288 Fp 154°F(67°C)	250mg	13.90
39,006-2	Thiazole Orange [107091-89-4][1-methyl-4-[(3-methyl-2(3H)-benzothiazolyl- <i>R&S</i> 1(2),2823B <i>STENCH</i> R: 36/37/38 S: 26-36 A fluorescent dye for reticulocyte analysis. <i>Cytometry</i> 1986, 7, 508. Dye content ~90%	250mg	17.00
14,969-1	Thiazolidine, 95% [504-78-9] FW 89.16 bp 72-75°/25mm <i>n</i> _D ²⁰ 1.5500 d 1.131 Fp 133°F(56°C) <i>FT-NMR</i> 1(1),604A <i>FT-IR</i> 1(1),352D <i>Safety</i> 2,3320D <i>R&S</i> 1(1),405I <i>RTECS</i> XJ5123700 RID/ADR 3/31c	1g	20.50
46,799-5	Thiazolidine-2-carboxylic acid, 97% [65126-70-7] FW 133.17 mp 176° [α] _D ²⁰ 0° (c=1, H ₂ O) <i>Beil.</i> 27(4),3951 R: 20/21/22-36/37/38 S: 26-36	25g	159.80
T2,750-2	(<i>R</i>)-(-)-Thiazolidine-4-carboxylic acid, 98% [34592-47-7] (L-thiaproline)..... FW 133.17 mp 192-193° [α] _D ²⁰ -141° (c=1.3, H ₂ O) <i>Beil.</i> 27(4),3952 <i>Merck Index</i> 13,9375 <i>FT-IR</i> 1(1),596D <i>R&S</i> 1(1),675J <i>RTECS</i> XJ5425500 R: 20/21/22-36/37/38 S: 26-36 Used in peptide coupling reactions. <i>Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.</i> 1994, 4, 887.	5g	32.00
	Thiazolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester hydrochloride, see 54,875-8, Methyl thiazolidine-2-carboxylate hydrochloride page 1297	10g	9.80
37,500-4	2,4-Thiazolidinedione, tech., 90% [2295-31-0] FW 117.13 mp 125-127° <i>Beil.</i> 27,233 ★ <i>FT-NMR</i> 1(1),1318A <i>FT-IR</i> 1(1),809D <i>R&S</i> 1(1),949K <i>RTECS</i> XJ5775000 S: 22-24/25 Starting material for the synthesis of drugs with antihyperglycemic activity. <i>J. Med. Chem.</i> 1990, 33, 1418.	25g	32.40
	2-Thiazoline-2-thiol, see M620-4, 2-Mercaptothiazoline page 1166	100g	84.80
53,424-2	Thiazolo[2,3- <i>b</i>]benzimidazole-3(2 <i>H</i>)-one, 97% [3042-01-1] (benzo[4,5]- imidazo[2,1- <i>b</i>]thiazol-3-one) FW 190.22 mp 180-184° R: 36/37/38 S: 26-36	25g	49.60
20,204-5	Thiazol Yellow G [1829-00-1] (C.I. 19540, Direct Yellow 9) FW 695.73 λ _{max} 402nm <i>Beil.</i> 27(2),509 <i>Merck Index</i> 13,9381 <i>FT-IR</i> 1(2),1004D <i>Safety</i> 2,3321A <i>R&S</i> 1(2),2769D <i>UV-Vis</i> 698 <i>RTECS</i> DL6423000 <i>LIGHT-SENSITIVE</i> S: 22-24/25 Dye content ~40%	10g	10.70
29,454-3	2-(2-Thiazolylazo)- <i>p</i> -cresol, 97% [1823-44-5] FW 219.27 mp 130-132° <i>FT-NMR</i> 1(3),113A <i>Safety</i> 2,3321C <i>R&S</i> 1(2),2387C R: 36/37/38 S: 26-36	5g	73.60



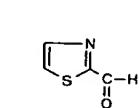
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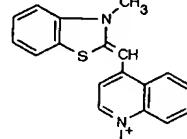
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15,164-5



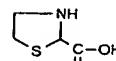
42,246-0



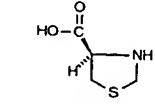
39,006-2



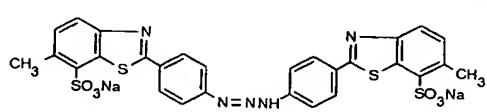
14,969-1



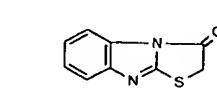
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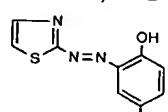
T2,750-2



20,204-5

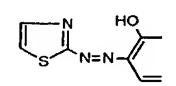


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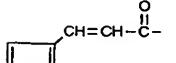


29,454-3

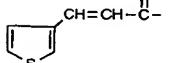
12,734-5	4-(2-Ti Beil 2 R: 36/ Usefu 2-(4-Ti 4-(2-T page 29,290-7 M-(2- mp 20 RTEC 49,940-4 2-Thia FW 22 Produ 49,824-6 Thien S: 26- 13,058-3 3-(2-Ti mp 14 R&S 1 46,798-7 trans-3 acid) May p 28,728-8 3-(2-Ti FW 17 R&S 1 28,215-4 3-(2-Ti acid) FT-NN Unusu 45,622-5 trans-4 T2,780-4 ★ nb 1: R&S 1 T2,785-5 2-(2-Ti bp 108 FT-IR 22,879-6 2-(3-Ti ★ bp 110 FT-NM 33,274-7 2-Thie Fp-22 R: 11-1 (Packe 56,163-0 3-Thie FW 23 T2,795-2 1-(2-Th bp 107 FT-IR 1
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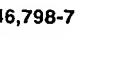
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53,424-2



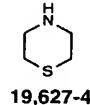
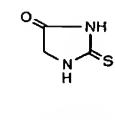
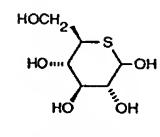
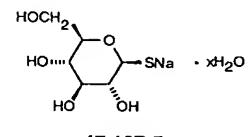
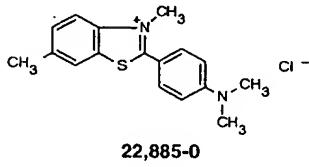
29,454-3



46,798-7

■ Thiodietha ■

16,678-2	2,2'-Thiodiethanol, 99+% [111-48-8] (2-hydroxyethyl sulfide) S(CH ₂ CH ₂ OH) ₂ FW 122.19 mp -16° bp 164-166°/20mm n _D ²⁰ 1.5210 d 1.221 Fp -230°F(110°C) Beil. 1,470 Merck Index 13,9404 FT-NMR 1(1),443A FT-IR 1(1),276B Safety 2,3328B R&S 1(1),293C RTECS# KM2975000 STENCH R: 36 S: 26	100g 500g	6.50 14.80	T3,100-3	Thiolactic acid FW 106.14 n Merck Index R&S 1(1),573 S: 26-45-36/k
T3,000-7	Thiodiglycolic acid, 98% [123-93-3] (thiodiacetic acid) S(CH ₂ CO ₂ H) ₂ FW 150.15 mp 128-131° Beil. 3,253 Merck Index 13,9405 FT-NMR 1(1),820A FT-IR 1(1),529B Safety 2,3328C R&S 1(1),573L RTECS# AJ6475000 RID/ADR 8/39b R: 34 S: 26-45-36/37/39	5g 25g	4.00 5.70	56,436-2	Thiol 2-chloro polymer-bound ^{NEW} Typical loadin
21,617-8	4,4'-Thiodiphenol, 99% [2664-63-3] (4-hydroxyphenyl sulfide) S(C ₆ H ₄ OH) ₂ FW 218.27 mp 154-156° Beil. 6,860 FT-NMR 1(2),442A FT-IR 1(1),1186C Safety 2,3328D R&S 1(1),1375I RTECS# SN0800000 RID/ADR 8/39b R: 34 S: 26-27-45-36/37/39	5g 100g 500g	6.90 10.30 30.60	36,188-7	Thiomalic acid (1S,2S)-(+)-T thio)phenyl] mp 151-154° R&S 1(1),148
40,638-4	S,S'-Thiodi-4,1-phenylene bis(thiomethacrylate), 99% [129283-82-5] [H ₂ C=C(CH ₃)COSC ₆ H ₄] ₂ S FW 386.56 mp 63-65° R: 43-36/37/38 S: 26-36	10g 50g	83.80 279.30	19,627-4	Thiomorpholine FW 103.19 b FT-NMR 1(1) RID/ADR 3/3
20,534-6	3,3'-Thiodipropanol, 98% [10595-09-2] S(CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ OH) ₂ FW 150.24 bp 140-142°/0.5mm n _D ²⁰ 1.5100 d 1.092 Fp >230°F(110°C) Beil. 1(2),544 FT-NMR 1(1),444A FT-IR 1(1),276A R&S 1(1),293G RID/ADR 6.1/25c	1g 5g	15.00 40.70	✓ 19,627-4	Thionaphthalene FW 103.19 b FT-NMR 1(1) RID/ADR 3/3
T3,020-1	3,3'-Thiodipropionic acid, 97% [111-17-1] S(CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ H) ₂ FW 178.21 mp 131-134° Merck Index 13,9406 FT-IR 1(1),529C Safety 2,3329A R&S 1(1),575A RTECS# UF7990000 R: 36/37/38 S: 26-36	5g 100g 500g 3kg	4.40 4.90 13.10 50.50	T3,165-8	Thionaphthene Thionicotina FT-NMR 1(3), RTECS# QS
45,901-1	3,3'-Thiodipropionic acid, polymer-bound R: 36 S: 26-36 For reductive quenching of ozonolysis reactions. Appell, R.B., et al. <i>Synth. Commun.</i> 1995, 25(22), 3589. Thiodipropionic acid on DOWEX SBR resin, 20-50 mesh, ca. 2.5 meq S/g	10g 50g	11.10 36.60	✓ 86,134-0	Thionin, cerl Merck Index A metachrom Dye content -
23,045-6	Thioflavin S [1326-12-1] (C.I. 49010, Direct Yellow 7) λ _{max} 374nm R&S 1(2),2837E UV-Vis 700 RTECS# TV1050000 S: 22-24/25	25g	19.50	34,115-0	Thionin perchlorate FT-NMR 1(3), R: 36/37/38-4
✓ 22,885-0	Thioflavin T [2390-54-7] (Basic Yellow 1, C.I. 49005) FW 318.87 λ _{max} 412nm Beil. 27,377 FT-IR 1(2),1004C R&S 1(2),2837C UV-Vis 701	5g 25g	12.40 36.90	T3,170-4	N-Thionylaniol bp 200° n _D ²⁰ 1.5100 FT-NMR 1(2); R: 36/37/38-4
✓ 47,127-5	1-Thio-β-D-glucose, sodium salt hydrate [308103-41-5] FW 218.21 mp 130°(dec.) [α] _D ²⁵ +3.5° (c=1, H ₂ O) Beil. 1(4),4391	500mg 1g	23.00 38.50	25,125-9	Thionyl bromide n _D ²⁰ 1.6750 d 2 FT-IR 1(2),12; R: 14-34-37 S
✓ 85,986-9	5-Thio-D-glucose, 96%, predominantly α-anomer [20408-97-3] FW 196.22 mp 135-138° [α] _D ²⁵ +188° (c=1, H ₂ O, 2hrs.) Merck Index 13,9408 FT-NMR 1(1),300C FT-IR 1(1),190C R&S 1(1),1931 RTECS# LZ7500000 S: 22-24/25	10mg 25mg	22.40 49.00	44,728-5	Thionyl chloride d 1.631 Fp nc RID/ADR 8/12 Fe <5 ppm
10,447-7	1-Thio-β-D-glucose tetraacetate, 97% [19879-84-6] FW 364.37 mp 115-117° [α] _D ²⁵ +5.8° (c=2.2, CHCl ₃) Beil. 2(4),359 FT-NMR 1(1),1057C FT-IR 1(1),625C R&S 1(1),763B	1g	34.60	23,046-4	Thionyl chloride ^{NEW} Packaged in, Thionyl chloride ^{NEW} Packaged in,
51,685-6	1-Thioglycerol, see M560-7, 3-Mercapto-1,2-propanediol page 1165 Thioglycolic acid, 80% [68-11-1] (ATG™ 80%) HSCH ₂ CO ₂ H FW 92.12 Merck Index 13,9410 RID/ADR 8/32b1. Product of Elf Atochem	25mL 100mL 1L 5L	6.00 6.40 12.60 52.00	32,054-4 32,053-6	Thionyl chloride (Packaged in, Thionyl chloride (Packaged in,
T3,040-6	2-Thiohydantoin, 99% [503-87-7] FW 116.14 mp 229-231°(dec.) Beil. 24,260 FT-NMR 1(1),1348B FT-IR 1(1),836B R&S 1(1),979N RTECS# MU4200000 R: 20/21/22 S: 36	5g 25g	10.20 33.00	29,312-1	Thionyl chloride d 1.373 Fp nc RID/ADR 8/12 R: 10,399 Merc
✓ T3,080-5	Thiolacetic acid, 96% [507-09-5] CH ₃ COSH FW 76.12 bp 88-91.5° n _D ²⁰ 1.4630 d 1.065 Fp 52°F(11°C) Beil. 2,230 Fieser 1,1154 15,307 Merck Index 13,9392 FT-NMR 1(1),817C FT-IR 1(1),528A Safety 2,3330A R&S 1(1),573A RTECS# AJ5600000 RID/ADR 3/3b R: 11-34 S: 9-16-26-45-36/37/39 Reagent for introduction of the thiol group into organic molecules.	5g 100g 500g	6.30 14.20 49.50	Thioxine hydrochloride page 1621	



19,627-4

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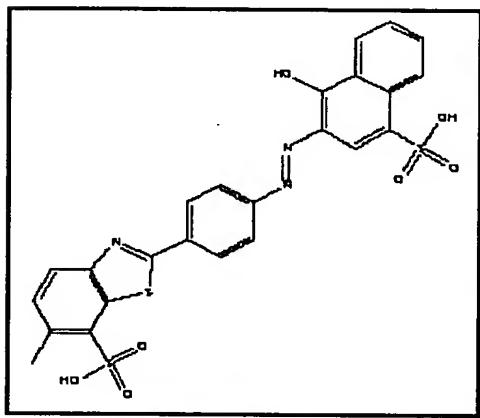
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Formula	$C_{24}H_{17}N_3O_7S_3$	Molecular Weight	555.5942
CAS RN	2150-33-6	Melting Point (°C)	
ACX Number	X1012783-6	Boiling Point (°C)	
Density		Vapor Density	
Refractive Index		Vapor Pressure	
Evaporation Rate		Water Solubility	
Flash Point (°C)		EPA Code	
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